

ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC

MÔN THI: TIẾNG ANH  
Thời gian làm bài: 150 phút (không kể thời gian giao đề)  
(Đề thi và bài làm gồm 10 trang)

Họ và tên học sinh:.....		<b>Số báo danh</b>
Ngày sinh:.....		
Phòng thi số:.....		
Họ, tên và chữ ký <b><u>GIÁM THI 1</u></b>	Họ, tên và chữ ký <b><u>GIÁM THI 2</u></b>	<b>Mã phách</b> (Thí sinh không viết vào ô này)

**HƯỚNG DẪN THÍ SINH LÀM BÀI:**

- Đề thi gồm có **10 trang** (không kể trang phách). Thí sinh phải kiểm tra số tờ đề thi trước khi làm bài.
- Thí sinh làm toàn bộ bài thi trên tờ **đề thi** theo yêu cầu của từng phần. **Thí sinh phải viết câu trả lời vào phần trả lời được cho sẵn ở mỗi phần (Your answers)**. Trái với điều này, phần bài làm của thí sinh sẽ không được chấm điểm.
- Phần **NGHE**, mỗi Part thí sinh được nghe 2 lần.
- Thí sinh không được ký tên hoặc dùng bất cứ dấu hiệu gì để đánh dấu bài thi ngoài việc làm bài theo yêu cầu của đề ra. Không được viết bằng mực đỏ, bút chì, không viết haithứ mực trên tờ giấy làm bài. Phần viết thông, ngoàicách dùng bút để gạch chéo, không được tẩy xóa bằng bất kỳ cách gì khác (kể cả bút xóa màu trắng). Trái với điều này bài thi sẽ bị loại.
- Thí sinh nên làm nháp trước rồi ghi chép cẩn thận vào phần bài làm trên đề thi. Giám thị sẽ không phát giấy làm bài thay thế đề và giấy làm bài do thí sinh làm hỏng.
- Thí sinh không được sử dụng tài liệu.

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**Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm về đề thi.**

**PHẦN ĐỀ VÀ BÀI LÀM CỦA THÍ SINH**

<b>ĐIỂM</b>		<b>Họ, tên và chữ ký Giám khảo</b>	<b>Mã phách</b> Do chủ tịch HĐCT ghi
<b>Bảng số</b>	<b>Bảng chữ</b>	1.....  2.....	

**SECTION I - LISTENING (1,5 point)**

*Part I: You are going to hear a woman talking to her son, Chris. Listen and match what he has to do at each time.*

<b>Times</b>	<b>Things to do</b>
1. 12.30	a. Buy stamps
2. 1.00	b. Drive to pool
3. 1.30	c. Go to library
4. 2.00	d. Have lunch
	e. Phone grandparents
	f. Visit friends
	g. Wash car
	h. Watch TV

**Your answers:**

1.	2.	3.	4.
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*Part II: Listen to two dialogues and decide the best answer to each question.*

**Dialogue 1**

1. Zoe's birthday .....
  - a. was fantastic all day.
  - b. started badly but was fantastic in the end.
  - c. started well but was terrible in the end.
2. Zoe and her friend saw a film at .....
  - a. the first cinema they went to.
  - b. the second cinema they went to.
  - c. the third cinema they went to.
3. Johnny Depp .....
  - a. sat next to Zoe and her friend in the cinema.
  - b. gave Zoe and her friend tickets for the film.
  - c. bought Zoe and her friend drinks and popcorn.

**Dialogue 2**

4. Who has just had a baby?

- a. Emily’s sister.
- b. Emily Rose.
- c. Patrick’s sister.

5. When Patrick first saw the baby, .....

- a. he was surprised.
- b. he wasn’t very interested.
- c. he immediately thought she was beautiful.

6. Patrick felt proud because .....

- a. Emily Rose was so cute.
- b. his friend is silly.
- c. he’s Emily Rose’s uncle.

**Your answers:**

1.	2.	3.
4.	5.	6.

**Part III: Listen to Jenny asking Mark about the school activities then give short answers to the following questions.**

1. What time does the show begin?

-> .....

2. How much is a child’s ticket?

> .....

3. What can children win from the library this year?

> .....

4. When will Jenny meet Mark again?

> .....

**Part IV: You are going to hear a radio programme giving you information about the city of Glasgow. For each question, fill in the missing information in the numbered space.**

**Arrival by car**

- City center car parks are ..1..... . Leave car at hotel.

**Discovering Glasgow’ tour bus**

- Depart from George ..2.....every 30 minutes.
- Buy tickets from ...3..... .

**Walking**

- Go to Welcome center for information – free ...4.....available.

**Places to visit**

- Glasgow Cathedral – built in fifteenth century.
- Merchant city area – shops selling ...5.....and clothes.
- Byres Road – student area.
- Botanic Gardens – glasshouses close at ..6.....

**Your answers:**

1.	2.	3.
4.	5.	6.

**SECTION II: VOCABULARY AND USE OF LANGUAGE (2.3 points)**

**Part I: Choose the best answer to complete each sentence.**

1. We could not help .....Mom about the trip on Easter Day Dad .....to us.  
 a. telling/ had promised                      b. to tell/ promising  
 c. to tell/ promised                              d. telling/ has promised
2. What do you think about the parks in Paris? Are they bigger .....in Hanoi?  
 a. than that                      b. as that                      c. than those                      d. as those
3. We suggested that a meeting .....as soon as possible.  
 a. be held                      b. is held                      c. were held                      d. will be held
4. Don't be late for the interview; .....people will think you are a disorganized person.  
 a. unless                      b. and                      c. if                      d. otherwise
5. That is an interesting book which can .....many children's imagination.  
 a. take                      b. hold                      c. form                      d. capture
6. It is undeniable that modern industry .....our life.  
 a. makes difference                      b. puts effect in                      c. has impact on                      d. does influence over
7. Minh was very disappointed, for he was .....again for the post.  
 a. put off                      b. turned down                      c. caught on                      d. brought in
8. Her father is a(n) .....drinker. He is always drinking.  
 a. strong                      b. addictive                      c. heavy                      d. capable
9. On November 5, a lot of firework is .....off in England.  
 a. set                      b. gone                      c. sent                      d. burned
10. As soon as Kate failed to do the job the third time, she got the .....  
 a. promotion                      b. recommendation                      c. rearrangement                      d. sack

**Your answers:**

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.

**Part II: Fill in each blank with an appropriate preposition or particle.**

1. Have you considered applying .....that position of sales manager?
2. After arriving home, they usually take .....their uniform.
3. This computer is still .....guarantee.
4. She promised to come .....to pick me up at 10 a.m on Sunday.
5. Children's shoes usually wear .....very quickly.
6. In the 18<sup>th</sup> century jean cloth was made completely .....cotton.
7. Children rely .....their parents for food and shelter.
8. Most of them also have more time to devote .....leisure.
9. In many ways you take ..... your mother.
10. I was just .....to go out when you telephoned.

**Your answers :**

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.

**Part III: Underline the mistakes in these sentences then correct them.**

1. My brother is going to work for a company which name is not familiar to everyone.
2. In case it will rain hard this afternoon, you should take the raincoat with you.
3. Conserving natural resources mean preserving them for future use.
4. The waters around the chemical factory are serious polluted.
5. However type of materials is used to make paper, the process is essentially the same.
6. I borrowed some milk to a neighbour of mine since I didn't have enough for breakfast.
7. There are thirty chairs painting green in the room.
8. Almost people still believe that marriage and family life are the basis of our society.
9. People can get the latest information and enjoy interested programs thanks to television.
10. Our schedule consists up three hours of history lectures, followed by the afternoon in the stadium.

**Your answers :**

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.

**Part IV: Supply the correct form of the words given in capital letters.**

**IN PRAISE OF PLASTIC**

<p>Whether you are at home , at school, or in the office, you are likely to be ..1.....by objects made of some kind of plastic material. And, of course, there are many types of plastic, each one ..2.....for a particular use. Thin, flexible plastic is good for making objects such as bags, whereas thick, hard plastic is a useful material for making things like pens, DVD cases and other ..3.....objects.</p> <p>So, although plastic has a ..4.....for being cheap and disposable, in the hands of a good designer, it can also be used to make objects of great ..5..... . As well as offering extremely high quality at a low price, plastic can take almost any shape, color or consistency, and has been used to make very attractive pieces of furniture.</p> <p>Plastic can also be seen as an ...6.....friendly choice of material. It can be used in place of other materials that are in short supply in their natural state, such as certain types of wood, and it is also very hard-wearing. A good plastic chair, for example, could last you a ..7..... . When you no longer wanted it, then it would almost certainly be possible to ..8.....the material.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. ROUND</li><li>2. SUIT</li><li>3. FUNCTION</li><li>4. REPUTE</li><li>5. BEAUTIFULLY</li><li>6. ENVIRONMENT</li><li>7. LIFE</li><li>8. CYCLE</li></ol>
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**Your answers :**

1.	2.	3.	4.
5.	6.	7.	8.

**SECTION III: READING (3.2 points)**

**Part I: Read the text below and decide which answer best fits each space.**

Have you ever notice how compulsive shoppers are never in a ..1.....when they are hunting for something to buy? Now, I don't want to be unkind to these people, but it has always struck me that this sort of person must, in..2.....ways, be able to put up with the most incredible boredom. I, myself, am an extremely reluctant shopper. I only have to ..3.....a glimpse of the window of a large department store ..4.....I quickly move past in a taxi and I am immediately held by a desire to be a million miles away.

To be honest, I think it has something to do with the fact that I was once wrongly accused of shop-lifting. It ..5.....without saying that I was completely innocent of the charge of stealing anything, but the experience left me with the feeling that I wanted to sue the manager ..6.....wrongful arrest. I dread to think what might have happened if I had actually been wrongly convicted. Even now I sometimes have nightmares about ...7.....in vain to ruthless detectives that I was not a shop-lifter.

- |    |               |               |             |            |
|----|---------------|---------------|-------------|------------|
| 1. | a. dash       | b. run        | c. race     | d. hurry   |
| 2. | a. any        | b. the        | c. some     | d. few     |
| 3. | a. see        | b. catch      | c. notice   | d. look    |
| 4. | a. as         | b. because    | c. what     | d. where   |
| 5. | a. does       | b. goes       | c. is       | d. has     |
| 6. | a. of         | b. with       | c. for      | d. on      |
| 7. | a. protesting | b. expressing | c. opposing | d. arguing |

**Your answers :**

1.	2.	3.	4.
5.	6.	7.	

**Part II: Read the report about traffic condition in a British town and choose suitable headings for the passages 1-5 from A-G below. There are two headings that you do not need to use.**

- |   |
|---|
| List of headings<br>A. Air quality<br>B. The growth in traffic<br>C. Financial considerations<br>D. The problem in brief<br>E. Technical problems<br>F. Road safety<br>G. Recommendations |
|---|

**TRAFFIC IN NEWCHESTER: the current situation**

1	
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The purpose of this report is to draw attention to the current traffic situation in our town. Public opinion surveys show that residents are becoming increasingly concerned about a wide range of problems associated indirectly with traffic.

2	
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It is quite clear, from simple observation, that the amount of traffic on our streets is increasing dramatically year by year. During rush hour periods, over 20.000 vehicles an hour now use the roads in and out of the town centre. On average it takes pedestrians nearly three minutes to cross the main street at three times.

3	
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It is also a fact that many drivers no longer observe the speed limit in operation in the town centre. The police report that nearly half male drivers and over a quarter of female drivers go considerably faster than this. Accident figures are also increasing. In the first half of this year, serious accidents have gone up by nearly 20 percent since the same period last year.

4	
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What is equally worrying to many residents is the pollution caused by traffic. This summer an increasing number of people are complaining about stinging eyes and sore throats. Doctors have confirmed that many of these symptoms are caused by the fumes from cars and buses.

5	
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After careful study, the committee is making the following suggestions. Firstly, the council should provide cheap car parks in the suburbs and free bus services to the centre. Secondly, police should be given increased powers to deal with drivers who exceed the speed limit in the town centre. Lastly, the air quality in the town should be checked carefully and regularly.

**Your answers :**

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
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**Part III: The people below (numbers 1-5) all want to visit parks. There are descriptions of eight parks. Decide which park (letters A-H) would be the most suitable for each person.**

1. Isabel works in the city centre and likes painting and drawing in her free time. She wants to practise her hobby in a small, quiet park near her office.
2. Mr. Martin wants to take his eight-year-old pupils to a park anywhere within the city, with lots of organized activities which allow the children to read about local wildlife they may seem.
3. Kumiko and Atsuko would like to visit a park which they can get to by boat. They want to buy lunch there and then enjoy a short walk accompanied by an expert leader.
4. Hans and Birgit Kaufmann and their family want to visit a park which is historically important. Their teenage children would like to try a water sport.
5. Melanie and Stefan are students who need to visit a busy park for a college project. They want to draw people taking part in team sports and watching entertainment.

**A - Hadley Park**

This park is in the peaceful village of Cranford, 20 km outside the city. The park has large green spaces for football and there is also an area of woodland, a boating lake, fish ponds and a variety of local wildlife. The public car is free.

**B - Highdown Park**

The largest and most popular open space in the city, Highdown has many paths for keen walkers, as well as horse-riding and golf. The much-visited 19th -century glasshouses contain an interesting exhibition about birds from around the world.

**C - Brock Park**

A beautiful park in the edge of the city, Brock Park attracts huge crowds. The open-air theatre has a program of plays suitable for school groups. There is a well-used basketball court and baseball field, a children's playground and a café. Climb Harry's Hill to admire the beautiful fields and forests beyond the city.

**D - Lilac Park and House**

This busy city-centre park has a long history dating back to the 1700s, when it belonged to the writer Thomas Crane. The house is open to the public and a guided visit can also include a walk around the famous rose gardens, finishing at the popular Butterfly Café.

**E - Boscawen Park**

This small and peaceful park offers guided tours, given by the knowledgeable Environment Officers, and evening visitors to the park may be lucky enough to see rare frogs and bats. It is situated on the River Elton and can be reached in about 30 minutes from the city centre by river taxi. There is a snack bar and gift shop.

**F - East Bank Park**

This is a tiny, little-known park in the heart of the city, with gardens filled with sculptures, trees and flowers. It makes a perfect resting place, popular with local artists, and is within minutes of the theatre and entertainment district.

**G - Victoria Park**

This quiet park, on the edge of the city and easy to visit by public transport, has boats for hire on the lake, a skateboard park, basketball and tennis courts and a picnic area. Often seen in postcard views of the city, Victoria Park contains one of the oldest windmills in the country – the museum should not be missed.

**H - Elmwood Park**

At Elmwood Park, there are walks on well-made paths and cycle rides for all abilities. Elmwood is just inside the city limit and has an area of quiet woodland, which is home to deer and other animals. The visitor centre, numerous display boards and a fun quiz make this a positive learning experience for all ages. .

**Your answers :**

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
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**Part IV: Read the passage below and choose the correct answer A,B, C, or D .**



## SOMEONE IS WATCHING YOU

The first CCTV cameras appeared in Britain in 1953, and by the 1960s there were already a few cameras in major streets in London. Today, there are more than four million CCTV cameras across the country. That's one camera for every fourteen people. The cameras are there to film dangerous or illegal behaviour. With new software, they can automatically recognise the faces of known criminals, and a new kind of CCTV in the Netherlands can detect angry voices and automatically warn the police of trouble. But these cameras don't just watch criminals; they watch all of us, almost all of the time. Every time we go into a shop, or use a cash machine, or travel on public transport, a camera records our actions.

The amount of observation in towns and cities across Britain is increasing. Some goods in shops now have RFID (Radio Frequency Identification) tags attached to them. When you pick up one of these items, the RFID tag sends a radio message to a CCTV camera and the camera starts filming you. Shops say that this technology helps to catch shoplifters - but only by treating everybody as a potential criminal.

Cameras and tags are not the only ways of monitoring our actions. Every time you make or receive a call on your mobile phone, the phone company knows the number of the phone you are calling and how long the call lasts. It is even possible to work out your exact location. The police often use this information when they're investigating serious crimes.

And what about satellites? Are they watching us from space? How much can they see? Anybody with a computer can download Google Earth and get satellite photos of the entire world. Perhaps governments are using even more powerful satellites to watch their citizens.

1. Today there are CCTV cameras which .....

  - a. know when a crime is in progress.
  - b. identify people who have committed crimes before.
  - c. can speak to people if they are getting angry.
  - d. stop dangerous or illegal behavior.

2. CCTV cameras record the actions of .....

  - a. one in fourteen people in the UK.
  - b. four million people
  - c. criminals in the UK
  - d. everyone in the UK

3. CCTV cameras receive a message from RFID tags when .....

  - a. a shoplifter comes into the shop
  - b. a shoplifter steals an item
  - c. somebody lifts up an item that has got a tag
  - d. the camera starts filming

4. When you use a mobile phone, the phone company can work out .....

  - a. the name of the person you are speaking to
  - b. what you are saying
  - c. how long have had the phone
  - d. where you are

5. You can get photos of the world from space if you ...

  - a. work for a government
  - b. go to a government website
  - c. work for Google
  - d. have a computer

**Your answers**

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
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**Part V: Read the passage and fill each gap with one suitable word.**

Do you need a change? Are you fed up with horse-racing? Tired ..1.....watching dogs race round a track? If you are, then what you need to try ..2.....sheep-racing. Sheep-racing, which started ..3.....a joke, was the idea of Richard Turner, a farmer in the south of England. Much to ..4.....surprise, it caught on and the races are now ...5.....a success that Richard has to organize one every day.

A race consists of six sheep ...6.....round a 240-metre track. The sheep have funny names ...7..... ‘Little Pullover’ and are ridden by woollen jockeys, which sometimes fall off.

Rather surprisingly the sheep are ...8.....to move fast – the course record is 22 seconds. But what makes these lazy creatures moves so quickly? The ...9.....is greed. Food is put at the finish. Like horse-racing and dog-racing, people bet on ...10.....sheep will be the winner. The difference here is that all profits go to the local hospital.

**Your answers :**

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.

**SECTION IV: WRITING (1.5 points)**

**Part I: Rewrite each sentence in such a way that it has the same meaning as the one before it, using the word given in capitals. DO NOT CHANGE THE WORDS GIVEN.**

- We have to decide quickly about this matter. DECISION  
We have to .....about this matter.
- How did she persuade you to spend so much money? TALK  
How did she .....so much money?
- I haven't seen either of them for years. LAST  
The .....years ago.
- The neighbours' all night parties were too much for me, so I moved. PUT  
I moved because I .....parties.
- My wife had twins last week. GAVE  
Last week my wife .....twins.

**Part II: Do you agree or disagree with the following statement?**

**‘City life is much more convenient and comfortable than country life.’**

Write an exposition about 150 -200 words to present one side of an argument.

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